

Name: _____

Date: _____ Period: _____

Surface Processes

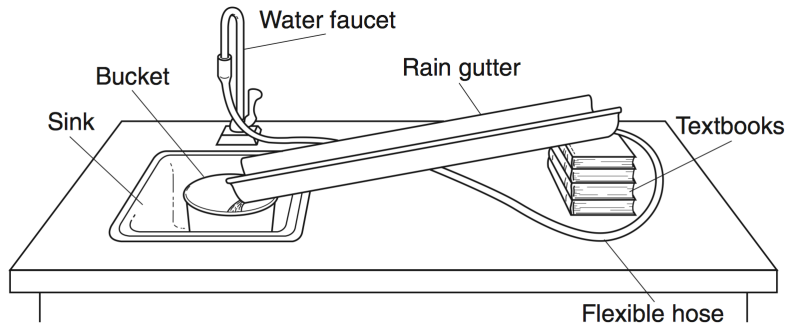
The Physical Setting: Earth Science

Worksheet: Erosion and Deposition

- Which is the best evidence that erosion has occurred?
 - a large number of fossils embedded in limestone
 - a soil rich in lime on top of a limestone bedrock
 - sediments found in a sandbar of a river
 - a layer of basalt found on the floor of the ocean
- For which movement of earth materials is gravity not the main force?
 - snow tumbling in an avalanche
 - moisture evaporating from an ocean
 - boulders carried by a glacier
 - sediments flowing in a river
- Which sediment is the largest that could be carried by a stream flowing at a velocity of 100 cm/sec?
 - sand
 - cobbles
 - silt
 - pebbles
- What can a stream flowing at a velocity of 100 cm/sec can transport?
 - silt, sand, and pebbles, but not cobbles
 - silt, but not sand, pebbles, or cobbles
 - silt, sand, pebbles, and cobbles
 - silt and sand, but not pebbles or cobbles
- A glass sphere and a lead sphere have the same volume. Each sphere is dropped into a container of water. Which statement best explains why the lead sphere settles faster?
 - The lead sphere has a higher density.
 - The lead sphere takes up less space.
 - The glass sphere has more surface area.
 - The glass sphere has a smoother surface.
- Which rock particles will remain suspended in water for the longest time?
 - pebbles
 - silt
 - clay
 - sand
- Compared to a low-density spherical particle, a high-density spherical particle of the same size will sink through water
 - more rapidly
 - more slowly
 - at the same rate

Worksheet: Erosion and Deposition

Base your answers to questions 8 and 10 on the diagram and data table below. The diagram shows the equipment used to determine the factors affecting the rate of erosion in a stream. The data table shows the time it took a 10-gram sample of quartz sand to move 100 centimeters down the rain gutter under various conditions.



Data Table

Rain Gutter Slope	Water Velocity	Erosion Time (s)	
		Fine Sand	Coarse Sand
5°	slow	20	60
	fast	15	40
10°	slow	15	40
	fast	10	30
20°	slow	10	30
	fast	5	15

8. In this experiment, the water velocity could be increased by
 - a. decreasing the slope of the rain gutter
 - b. increasing the amount of water from the faucet
 - c. lowering the flexible hose
 - d. widening the rain gutter

9. What is the relationship between the water velocity and the rate of erosion?
 - a. If the water velocity decreases, the rate of erosion increases.
 - b. If the water velocity increases, the rate of erosion increases.
 - c. If the water velocity remains constant, the rate of erosion decreases.
 - d. If the water velocity remains constant, the rate of erosion increases.

10. By adding more textbooks underneath the rail gutter, what happens to velocity?
 - a. increases
 - b. decreases
 - c. remains the same